





16èmes Journées de Recherches en Sciences Sociales Clermont-Ferrand, 15 et 16 décembre 2022

Does environmental or local labeling can help to manage an invasive species through consumption? The case of Silurus Glanis in the Alpine Lakes

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Introduction

Wels catfish (Silure Glane):

- A non-endogenous species in France, observed since the late 20th century in many rivers and lakes (including Lac du Bourget) (Cucherousset et al., 2018)
- Has <u>environmental impacts</u> through its predation on endogenous species (Vagnon, 2021)
- <u>Economic impacts</u> on both recreational and professional fishing activities

Mainly positive, trophy species

Market issues, no consumers

How to support a new species consumption to mitigate environmental and economic impacts ?





Silure Glane

Source: https://www.cpalb.fr/les-poissons-le-silure







Introduction

Production and consumption of wels catfish :

- Traditionally consumed in Eastern Europe and western Asia
- Both issues from catch and farmed production (11,285 and 2,026 tons respectively in 2018 estimation, FAO, 2020)

→ New food product in France

Factors influencing the acceptance of a food product:

- Availability, cost, consumer preferences, and/or nutritional values;
- Knowledge, previous experiences, testing (Caparros et al. 2016; Hartman and Siegrist, 2016; Piha et al., 2018; Van Loo et al., 2020);
- Dimensions relative to the environmental and health attributes (Mennozi et al. 2017);
- Desire to improve social and economic conditions of a region (Yang et al. 2020).









Map source: http://www.cmap.comersis.com/cartefond-Europe-et-Moyen-Orient-gratuitcmhc5165602.html ; Database source: FAO, 2020)

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Producing countries of wels catfish

Influence of economic and environmental labels on wels catfhis consumption

Methodology and database

Survey to evaluate consumer perception of wels catfish:

- Online by Kantar in May 2020 with 451 respondants in Savoy county (*"Savoie and Haute Savoie département"*)
- Six sections on freshwater and wels catfish consumption habits, perception of freshwater species and of wels catfish, respondants knowledge, perception of activities on Bourget Lake, sociodemographics....
- Seventh section on scenario for labelled wels catfish in order to estimated WTP:
 - Scenario 1 presents a wels catfish labelled « environmentally friendly fishing » (Environmental label) 1/3 of respondents
 - Scenario 2 presents a wels catfish labelled « locally product» (Local label) 1/3 of respondents
 - Scenario 3 presents a wels catfish labelled « environmentally friendly fishing » & « locally product » (Environmental & Local label) 1/3 of respondents

For each label: estimation of the WTP using a double auction methods







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1€, ↑2€, ↓0.5€

1.5€, ↑3€, ↓0.75€

↑4€, ↓1€

2€,

Methodology and database

Objectif 1:

Determinants of wels catfish consumption and potential consumption

Four types of individuals:

- PNC (Potential Non Consumer): individuals that do not agree to consume or to buy wels catfish 15.46% of the sample
- 2. OPC (Opportunistic Potential Consumer): individuals that do agree to consume but not to buy wels catfish 29.64% of the sample
- 3. PC (Potential Consumer-Buyer): individuals that do agree to consume and to buy wels catfish 39.95% of the sample
- 4. CB (Consumer-Buyer): individuals that do agree to consume, to buy wels catfish and who already consumed it 14.95% of the sample

🛑 Multinomial Probit Model







Methodology and database

Objectif 2:

.a Région

Determinants of WTP for labeled wels catfish

$$W_{it}^* = 1 \ if \ W_{it}^* > b_{it} \ ; \ W_{it}^* = 0 \ otherwise$$
$$W_{i1}^* = X_i'\beta + u_i$$
$$W_{i2}^* = (1 - \gamma(E_i))W_{i1}^* + \gamma(E_i)b_{i1} + \delta$$
$$P(W_{it} = 1) = P(W_{it}^* > b_{it}) = \Phi\left[\frac{X_i\beta + \gamma(E_i)b_{i1}I_t + \varphi_{\delta}I_t - b_{it}}{\sigma_{\eta}}\right]$$

Random effect probit models with structural shift and heterogenous anchoring

Estimation of the average-treatment of the treated (ATT) to differenciate scenario using PSM



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Results

Determinants of wels catfish consumption and potential consumption

Four types of individuals: PNC (ref), OPC, PC and CB Variable to explain:

Fish consumption and purchase criteria	Socio-demographic	Others	
Frequency of fish consumption Freshwater fish consumption (wels catfish excluded)	Age (ref. 60+) - 35 or less - 3-to 60	Knowledge of wels catfish (ref Know a little) - Does not know at all - Knows wels catfish	
Production importance*	Children at home (ref. no)	Recreational fisherman	
Freshwater fish perception*	Household Income (ref. less than 2000€) - 2000€-4000€	Negative perception of the environmental impact of professional freshwater fishing Positive perception of the environmental impact of professional freshwater fishing	
Freshwater fish consumption at home	- More than 4000€		
Freshwater fish consumption out-of-home	Gender (ref. men)	Perception of professional fishing*	
Place of purchase (PP) Direct sales	Subregion (ref. Haute-Savoie)		
PP Large market shop			
PP fishmongers			
PP farm market			
PP Self-production			







Angers

Results

<u>Determinants of wels catfish consumption and potential consumption</u>

Four types of individuals: PNC (ref), OPC, PC and CB

Fish consumption and purchase criteria	Socio-demographic	Others		
Frequency of fish consumption Freshwater fish consumption (wels catfish excluded) PC(-)*** CB(+)***	Age (ref. 60+) - 35 or less CB(+)*** - 3-to 60	Knowledge of wels catfish (ref Know a little) - Does not know at all OPC(-)*** - Knows wels catfish PC (-)* CB(+)***		
Production importance OPC(-)*** PC(+)**	Children at home (ref. no) PC(-)** CB(+)***	Recreational fisherman Negative perception of the environmental impact of professional freshwater fishing Positive perception of the environmental		
Freshwater fish perception PC(+)*** CB(-)**	Household Income (ref. less than 2000€) - 2000€-4000€ - More than 4000€			
rreshwater fish consumption at nome	Wore than 4000e	impact of professional freshwater fishing		
Freshwater fish consumption out-of-home OPC(-)*** PC(+)***	Gender (ref. men)	Perception of professional fishing CB(+)**		
Place of purchase (PP) Direct sales OPC(-)** CB(+)***	Subregion (ref. Haute-Savoie)			
PP Large market shop PC(+)* CB(-)**				
PP fishmongers OPC(-)** PC(+)***				
PP farm market				
PP Self-production	Nb. Obs: 356. Marginals effects were estimated. Significant level: 1%***, 5%**, 10%*			
La Région	ISTITUT Lucas. Ropars Collet and Cuill	eret (2022), 16 ^{èmes} JRSS, Clermont-Ferrand, December 2022		

Results

Estimate results of WTP for labeled wels catfish

Variable to explain:

SMART LERECO

Label and purchase dimensions	Socio-demographic	Others	
Bid amount	Age (ref. 60+)	Knowledge of wels catfish (ref Know a little)	
Freshwater fish consumption (wels catfish	- 35 or less	 Does not know at all 	
excluded)	- 3-to 60	 Knows wels catfish 	
Production importance	Children at home (ref. no)	Negative perception of the environmental impact of professional freshwater fishing	
Freshwater fish perception	Household Income (ref. less than 2000€) - 2000€-4000€	Perception of professional fishing	
Freshwater fish consumption at home	- More than 4000€	Constant	
Freshwater fish consumption out-of-home			
Local label effectiveness		Controls	
Local label knowledge		Order	
Organic label knowledge		Structural shift	
Organic label trust		Heterogeneous Anchoring	
Organic label importance			





Results

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Variable to explain:

Label and purchase dimensions	Socio-demographic	Others		
Bid amount (-)***	Age (ref. 60+)	Knowledge of wels catfish (ref Know a little)		
Freshwater fish consumption (wels catfish excluded)	- 35 or less - 3-to 60	Does not know at allKnows wels catfish		
Production importance	Children at home (ref. no)	Negative perception of the environmental impact of professional freshwater fishing		
Freshwater fish perception	Household Income (ref. less than 2000€)	Perception of professional fishing		
Freshwater fish consumption at home	- More than 4000€ (+)**	Constant (-)***		
Freshwater fish consumption out-of-home (+)*				
Local label effectiveness		Controls		
Local label knowledge		Order		
Organic label knowledge		Structural shift (+)***		
Organic label trust (+)**		Heterogeneous Anchoring (+)***		
Organic label importance				







Results

Estimate results of WTP for labeled wels catfish

Average treatment effect postestimation in regards of the three scenario:

No difference in the probability to accept the bid between the scenario

Estimation of WTP (start price 17€/kg):

Scenario	WTP	LB-UB	Nb of observations
All together	1.23€	1.07-1.36	356
Local labelling	0.99€	0.60-1.28	112
Environmental labelling	1.46€	1.23-1.64	125
Local and environmental labelling	1.22€	0.95-1.45	119







Conclusion

Consumption and potential consumption of wels catfish

- Importance to remove the barriers to consumption of a new species depending of the type of consumer;
- Wels catfhish can be an alternative to others consumed species;
- Role of knowledge on wels catfish and freshwater fisheries;
- Place of purchase as a way to help consumer to consume wels catfish.

WTP for labelled products

- Price and income dimension always important in estimation of WTP;
- Trust in existing label;
- Consumer value the environmental and the local label similarly and there is no benefit to use both.

Do label promote the consumption of a new species? Not so sur....













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Thank you – Trugarez - Merci